Santé et Services sociaux Québec 🏼 🖬

Prescriber to receive results

Name (last name first)



Clinic

NONINVASIVE PRENATAL GENOMIC **TESTING (NIPGT) SCREENING FOR** TRISOMY 21, TRISOMY 18, AND TRISOMY 13

Family name			
First name			
	Year	Month	Day
Date of birth			
Health insurance No.			
Address		Postal code	
	Area code		

Address	Area code Telephone No.	Cat	Co to other professional				
Nº de permis	Area code Fax No.		Cc to other professional Name (last name first) Clinic				
Prescriber		Area code	e Telephone No.	Area c	ode Fax No.		
Signature Clinical information							
DLM: Year Month Day							
EDD:			Singleton pregnancy				
Year Month Day			Twin pregnancy (two fetuses)				
Year Month Day							
Weight: kg Height:	m						
Clinical indication (for multiple indication	ons, enter primary ir	ndication)					
	-,,	· · · · /		Primary in	dication		
				,	1		
High risk per the Québec Prenatal Screening	g Program (QPSP)]		
Maternal age 40 or over at delivery	_						
Previous pregnancy with trisomy 21, 18, or 1	3						
Twin pregnancy (two fetuses)							
Case referred for testing per genetics consu	t						
Specify reason:							
Consent to NIPGT for trisomy 21, trisom	ny 18, and trisomy 1	3					
I acknowledge that I have read what is written test. I have had the opportunity to talk about it understand that my participation is voluntary an and support I will receive. I understand that if I trisomy 13.	with a health profession d that I am free to agree	hal and ask que to or refuse pr	estions, for which enatal genomic te	I have receive sting. My refu	ed satisfacto Isal will not a	ry answe	ers. I care
I agree to have the contents of this form and the assessment and quality control regarding the Qu for assessment, quality control, and technical in	iébec Prenatal Screenir						
Consequently,							
I declare that I have received all the info and trisomy 13 freely and with understar	ormation I needed, and nding.	d I consent to	prenatal genomi	c testing for	trisomy 21,	trisomy	y 18,
I declare that I have received all the in and trisomy 13 freely and with understar		nd I decline p	orenatal genomic	testing for	trisomy 21,	trisomy	/ 18,
Signature of the pregnant woman				Date	Year	Month	Day
If under 14 years of age or unable to consent, signature of the authorized to sign on her behalf and relationship to the preg				Date	Year	Month	Day
Blood test: From 10th week of pregnar Two specimen collection to		Γ lab test me	nu requirement	ts			
Lab test centre (name and address)							
Lab technician signature	Licence	No.	Date sample collected	Year	Month Day	Time	•
	Prenatal genomic	testing to sc	reen for				
AH-599A DT92247 (2023-03) trisomy 21, trisomy 18, and trisomy 13							

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Lab copy

About prenatal genomic testing to screen for trisomy 21, trisomy 18, and trisomy 13

Prenatal genomic testing is the screening offered to you if you are at a high risk of having a baby with trisomy 21 or trisomy 18 (including trisomy 13) based on your initial screening through the Québec Prenatal Screening Program. Prenatal genomic testing is offered as a prerequisite to amniocentesis (confirmatory diagnostic test) because it is a safe and highly reliable way to rule out the three trisomies indicated.

It may also be offered in the following circumstances:

- If you had a previous pregnancy in which the baby had trisomy 21, trisomy 18, or trisomy 13
- If you will be 40 years of age or older at the time of delivery
- · If you have a twin pregnancy (two fetuses)
- · If the test was ordered based on a medical genetics consult.

Information on prenatal genomic testing is included with Québec Prenatal Screening Program material and available on the Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux website:

https://msss.gouv.qc.ca/professionnels/perinatalite/programme-quebecois-de-depistage-prenatal/

Here are the possible results from prenatal genomic testing and what they imply:

Low risk: indicates that your baby probably doesn't have any of the trisomies screened for. Results are more than 99% reliable, and no further testing is needed.

High risk: indicates that your baby probably has one of the trisomies screened for, but confirmation by amniocentesis will be necessary before any decisions can be made about your pregnancy.

Limitations of prenatal genomic testing:

- > If results indicate that the risk is low, there is still a small chance that the baby has a trisomy.
- If results indicate that the risk is high, there is still a possibility of that being a false positive, meaning that the baby doesn't have a trisomy, despite what the test says.
- There is a small percentage of women for whom the test doesn't work. If you test as high risk, talk to your health professional about what to do next.